

The Beginning of the War: Battle of Ypres

What kinds of conditions were required for gas warfare? How was this weapon deployed?

Describe the Schlieffen Plan and explain why it failed.

Who's Plan was it?
What was their goal?
What was the formation like?
What stopped their advance?

What was Belgium's stance on the war? _____

Because of this stance, Germany was required to ask Belgium for permission before they could traverse through their country to reach the city of Paris.

What happened when Belgium refused to allow Germany through?

Describe what happened when civilians and armies of different nations opposed Germany?

By December 1914, describe how the soldiers of all nations felt along the lines of the Western Front.

In German institutions, how was the invention of gas warfare justified by the reasons of Fritz Haber's daughter?

1)

2)

3)

What was the result of the Battle of Ypres? _____

It was still considered a victory in the eyes of what country? _____

Why? _____

After the Battle of Ypres, who started using chemical gas to retaliate? _____

What new technological change to chemical gas makes it rely less on the weather?

What was the ratio of gas used as a weapon as mentioned in the video? _____

Why were weapons made of gas a lot more dangerous and deadly when it hits the ground?

Why couldn't you do anything to a gas attack?

Why was it best not to smell the gas?

How did people invent and develop worse chemical gas weapons?

What was the protection like against chemical gas at the Battle of Ypres?

Does gas warfare only exist on the battlefield? What new inventions terrified the civilian population?

The strongest gas mentioned in this video, Clark gas, (Diphenylchloroarsine), was super effective because:

How many victims of gas warfare were there approximately on:

The Western Front? _____ The Eastern Front? _____

What happens to the rest of your life after you've survived a gas attack? Why?
